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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/965,784	09/27/2001	John McElwain	873.0100.U1(US)	3408
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4 RESEARCH DRIVE			NGUYEN, TUAN HOANG	
SHELTON, C'	Г 06484-6212		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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			01/29/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Analiantian Na	Applicant/a)				
	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summan	09/965,784	MCELWAIN ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
71. 1441 110 0 175 441	Tuan H. Nguyen	2618				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION  16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim  rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from  cause the application to become ABANDONE	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05 November 2007</u> .						
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3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-17,19,20 and 22-30 is/are pending it 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ⊠ Claim(s) 20 and 22-27 is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-17,19 and 28-30 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the or Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the original than the correction of the correction of the original than the correction of the correct	epted or b) objected to by the for displaying the septembers. See the displaying on the drawing (s) is object to be septembers.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). lected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents  2. Certified copies of the priority documents  3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior  application from the International Bureau  *-See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4)  Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) Notice of Preferences Orice (170-002)  Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate				

### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Response To Arguments

1. Applicant's arguments, see applicant's remarks, filed on 11/05/2007, with respect to the rejection(s) of claims 1-17, 19-20, and 22-30 under 35 U.S.C § 103(a) have been fully considered and are persuasive. Therefore, the rejection has been withdrawn. However, upon further consideration, a new ground(s) of rejection is made in view of Bridges et al. (US PUB. 2003/0186695 hereinafter, "Bridges") in view of Mauney et al. (US PUB. 2005/0159107 hereinafter, "Mauney").

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bridges et al (US PUB. 2003/0186695 hereinafter, "Bridges") in view of Mauney et al. (US PUB. 2005/0159107 hereinafter, "Mauney").

Consider claim 1, Bridges teaches a method for operating a wireless communication system of a type that transmits system identification (SID) parameters to

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mobile stations, comprising: storing a SID that identifies a home service provider for the mobile station (page 2 [0013] and page 3 [0028]); identifying a plurality of SIDs having a common spatial characteristic (page 7 [0064] i.e., an example of two cellular subscribers (read on "plurality of SID") who roam into a geographic area (e.g., Austin) from the same market (e.g., Dallas, read on "common partial characteristics"); storing the identified plurality of SIDs in a memory that is accessible by a mobile station (page 2) [0013] and page 3 [0028]); comparing a SID received from a wireless service provider to the stored plurality of SIDs (page 7 [0060]).

Bridges does not explicitly show that upon any one of the plurality of stored SIDs matching the received SID, declaring the wireless service provider as being a home service provider for the mobile station.

In the same field of endeavor, Mauney teaches upon any one of the plurality of stored SIDs matching the received SID, declaring the wireless service provider as being a home service provider for the mobile station (page 2 [0039]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use, upon any one of the plurality of stored SIDs matching the received SID, declaring the wireless service provider as being a home service provider for the mobile station, as taught by Mauney, in order to provide a wireless handset that has enhanced operating features, including the capability of operating either within a wireless network or outside of a wireless network in a direct handset-to-handset communication mode.

Consider claim 17, Bridges teaches a mobile station, comprising: a controller (page 17 claim 1); a wireless transceiver (page 1 [0008]).

Bridges does not explicitly show that at least one memory comprising a location for storing a home SID and other locations for storing a plurality of cousin SIDs, wherein a SID received through said wireless controller is declared by said controller to be associated with a home service provider if the received SID matches the stored Home SID or any one of the plurality of stored cousin SIDs.

In the same field of endeavor, Mauney teaches at least one memory, the at least one memory comprising a location for storing a home SID and other locations for storing a plurality of cousin SIDs (i.e., the wireless handset may include a memory device, such as a number assignment module (NAM), in which an assigned phone number (MIN) (read on "cousin SIDs") and a system identification code (SID) is stored to uniquely identify the home service provider for the unit), wherein the cousin SIDs are stored into said at least one memory under the direction of a prepaid service provider, and correspond to SIDs associated with one or more service providers that service a predetermined geographical area that is defined to be a non-roaming area of a customer of the prepaid service provider, wherein the home SID is stored in at least one memory without the direction of a prepaid service provider (page 2 [0039]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use, at least one memory, the at least one memory comprising a location for storing a home SID and other locations for storing a plurality of cousin SIDs, wherein the cousin SIDs are stored into said at least one memory under

the direction of a prepaid service provider, and correspond to SIDs associated with one or more service providers that service a predetermined geographical area that is defined to be a non-roaming area of a customer of the prepaid service provider, wherein the home SID is stored in at least one memory without the direction of a prepaid service provider, as taught by Mauney, in order to provide a wireless handset that has enhanced operating features, including the capability of operating either within a wireless network or outside of a wireless network in a direct handset-to-handset communication mode.

4. Claims 4, 7, 9-10, 12, 15, and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bridges in view of Mauney and further in view of McGregor et al. (U.S PUB. 2001/0000777 hereinafter, "McGregor").

Consider claim 4, Bridges and Mauney, in combination, fails to teach the common spatial characteristic (information of the system operator code SOC) is comprised of a geographical area that corresponds to a postal zone.

However, McGregor teaches the steps of identifying, storing, comparing and declaring are executed only if the mobile station is classified as being in a Prepaid mode of operation (page 12 claim 25).

Therefore, it is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the disclosing of McGregor into view of Bridges and Mauney,

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in order to provide the mobile phone unit having an internal processor with accessible internal memory for storing the accounting program and call data for each call.

Consider claim 7, Bridges and Mauney, in combination, fails to teach displaying a message to a user for informing the user that the user is operating in a Prepaid mode with one of a plurality of system providers having SIDs that are associated with a geographical area that is the user's home geographical area.

However, McGregor teaches displaying a message to a user for informing the user that the user is operating in a Prepaid mode with one of a plurality of system providers having SIDs that are associated with a geographical area that is the user's home geographical area (page 12 claim 25).

Therefore, it is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the disclosing of McGregor into view of Bridges and Mauney, in order to provide the mobile phone unit having an internal processor with accessible internal memory for storing the accounting program and call data for each call.

Consider claim 9, McGregor further teaches the common spatial characteristic is comprised of a geographical area that is defined by information received from a customer of a prepaid service provider (page 12 claim 25).

Consider claim 10, Bridges teaches a wireless communication system of a type that transmits system identification (SID) parameters to mobile stations, a list containing

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a plurality of other SIDs having a common spatial characteristic (page 7 [0064] i.e., an example of two cellular subscribers (read on "a list containing a plurality of SID") who roam into a geographic area (e.g., Austin) from the same market (e.g., Dallas, read on "common partial characteristics"), the mobile station comprising a processor that is coupled to the at least one memory and that is responsive to a received SID for comparing the received SID to the SIDs in the list of SIDs (page 7 [0060]).

Bridges does not explicitly show that upon any one of the plurality of SIDs matching the received SID, declaring a wireless service provider that transmitted the SID as being the Home service provider for the mobile station.

In the same field of endeavor, Mauney teaches upon any one of the plurality of SIDs matching the received SID, declaring a wireless service provider that transmitted the SID as being the Home service provider for the mobile station (page 2 [0039]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use, a list containing a plurality of other SIDs having a common spatial characteristic; and upon any one of the plurality of SIDs matching the received SID, declaring a wireless service provider that transmitted the SID as being the Home service provider for the mobile station, as taught by Mauney, in order to provide a wireless handset that has enhanced operating features, including the capability of operating either within a wireless network or outside of a wireless network in a direct handset-to-handset communication mode.

Bridges and Mauney, in combin

Bridges and Mauney, in combination, fail to teach in mobile stations associated with a prepaid service provider at least one memory storing a SID that identifies a Home service provider for the mobile station.

However, McGregor teaches in mobile stations associated with a prepaid service provider at least one memory storing a SID that identifies a Home service provider for the mobile station (page 2 claim 25).

Therefore, it is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the disclosing of McGregor into view of Bridges and Mauney, in order to provide the mobile phone unit having an internal processor with accessible internal memory for storing the accounting program and call data for each call.

Consider claim 12, McGregor further teaches the common spatial characteristic is comprised of a geographical area that is defined by information received from a customer of the prepaid service provider (page 12 claim 19).

Consider claim 15, McGregor further teaches a display for displaying a message to a user for informing the user that the user is operating in a Prepaid mode with one of a plurality of system providers having SIDs that are associated with a geographical area that is the user's home geographical area (page 12 claim 25).

Consider claim 28, Bridges further teaches the at least one memory is removable from the mobile station (page 5 [0046]).

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5. Claims 2-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bridges in view of Mauney and further in view of Mizikovsky (U.S PAT. 5,983,115).

Consider claim 2, Bridges and Mauney, in combination, fails to teach the common spatial characteristic (information of the system operator code SOC) is comprised of a geographical area that corresponds to a postal zone.

However, Mizikovsky teaches the common spatial characteristic (information of the system operator code SOC) is comprised of a geographical area that corresponds to a postal zone (col. 2 lines 54-64, fig. 2 illustrates a map of the United State cities such as Seattle, Chicago, and Washington D.C. had the same SOC may be found in several different locations although on different frequency bands).

Therefore, it is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the disclosing of Mizikovsky into view of Bridges and Mauney, in order to locate a wireless service provider in a multi-service provider environment using a stored list of preferred service providers.

Consider claim 3, Mizikovsky further teaches the common spatial characteristic (information of the system operator code SOC) is comprised of a geographical area that corresponds to a ZIP code (col. 2 lines 54-64, Fig. 2 illustrates a map of the United State cities such as Seattle, Chicago, and Washington D.C. had the same SOC may be found in several different locations although on different frequency bands).

6. Claims 5-6, 8, and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bridges in view of Mauney and further in view of Bamburak et al. (U.S PAT. 6,807,418 hereinafter, "Bamburak").

Consider claim 5, Bridges and Mauney, in combination, fails to teach if none of the plurality of stored SIDs matches the received SID, further comprising comparing the received SID to other stored SIDs, including at least one of a Partner SID, a Favored SID and a Forbidden SID.

However, Bamburak teaches if none of the plurality of stored SIDs matches the received SID, further comprising comparing the received SID to other stored SIDs, including at least one of a Partner SID, a Favored SID and a Forbidden SID (col. 11 lines 22-29).

Therefore, it is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the disclosing of Bamburak into view of Bridges and Mauney, in order to provide a method for locating a particular or desirable communications service provider in an environmental having a plurality of service providers.

Consider claim 6, Bridges and Mauney, in combination, fails to teach if none of the plurality of stored SIDs matches the received SID, further comprising comparing a received System Operator Code (SOC) to stored SOCs, including at least one of a Partner SOC, a Favored SOC and a Forbidden SOC.

However, Bamburak teaches if none of the plurality of stored SIDs matches the

received SID, further comprising comparing a received System Operator Code (SOC) to stored SOCs, including at least one of a Partner SOC, a Favored SOC and a Forbidden SOC (col. 11 lines 22-29).

Therefore, it is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the disclosing of Bamburak into view of Bridges and Mauney, in order to provide a method for locating a particular or desirable communications service provider in an environmental having a plurality of service providers.

Consider claim 8, Bamburak further teaches the step of comparing includes a preliminary step of comparing the received SID to the stored SID that identifies the Home service provider for the mobile station, and upon a match declaring the service provider to be the Home service provider, and inhibiting the execution of the step of comparing the SID received from a wireless service provider to the stored plurality of SIDs (Fig. 4 col. 5 line 20 through col. 6 line 7).

Consider claim 19, Bamburak further teaches the Cousin SIDs are stored in a memory that is detachable from said mobile station (col. 7 lines 2-11).

7. Claim 11 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bridges in view of Mauney and McGregor, and further in view of Mizikovsky (U.S PAT. 5,983,115).

Consider claim 11, Bridges, Mauney and McGregor, in combination, fail to teaches the common spatial characteristic is comprised of a postal zone, such as a ZIP code.

However, Mizikovsky teaches the common spatial characteristic is comprised of a postal zone, such as a ZIP code (col. 2 lines 54-64, Fig. 2 illustrates a map of the United State cities such as Seattle, Chicago, and Washington D.C. had the same SOC may be found in several different locations although on different frequency bands).

Therefore, it is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the disclosing of Mizikovsky into view of Bridges, Mauney and McGregor, in order to locate a wireless service provider in a multi-service provider environment using a stored list of preferred service providers.

8. Claims 13-14, and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bridges in view of Mauney and McGregor, and further in view of Bamburak.

Consider claim 13, Bridges, Mauney and McGregor, in combination, fails to teaches if none of the plurality of other SIDs matches the received SID, the processor compares the received SID to other stored SIDs found in an Intelligent Roaming Data Base (IRDB).

However, Bamburak teaches if none of the plurality of other SIDs matches the received SID, the processor compares the received SID to other stored SIDs found in an Intelligent Roaming Data Base (IRDB) (col. 5 lines 41-48 and col. 10 lines 9-21).

Therefore, it is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the disclosing of Bamburak into view of Bridges, Mauney and McGregor, in order to provide a method for locating a particular or desirable communications service provider in an environmental having a plurality of service providers.

Consider claim 14, Bridges, Mauney and McGregor, in combination, fails to teaches if none of the plurality of other SIDs matches the received SID, the processor compares a received System Operator Code (SOC) to stored SOCs found in an Intelligent Roaming Data Base (IRDB).

However, Bamburak teaches if none of the plurality of other SIDs matches the received SID, the processor compares a received System Operator Code (SOC) to stored SOCs found in an Intelligent Roaming Data Base (IRDB) (col. 5 lines 41-48 and col. 10 lines 9-21).

Therefore, it is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the disclosing of Bamburak into view of Bridges, Mauney and McGregor, in order to provide a method for locating a particular or desirable communications service provider in an environmental having a plurality of service providers.

Consider claim 16, Bamburak further teaches the processor first compares the received SID to the stored SID that identifies the Home service provider for the mobile

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station, and upon a match declares the service provider to be the Home service provider, and inhibits comparing the received SID the list of other SIDs (Fig. 4 col. 5 line 20 through col. 6 line 7).

9. Claims 29 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bridges and Mauney, and further in view of Osmani et al. (U.S PAT. 5,815,807 hereinafter, "Osmani").

Consider claim 29, Bridges, Mauney and McGregor, in combination, fails to teaches the mobile station operates in a Postpaid mode.

However, Osmani teaches the mobile station operates in a Postpaid mode (col. 1 lines 42-49).

Therefore, it is obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the disclosing of Osmani into view of Bridges, Mauney and McGregor, in order to enhance a wireless communication device operates in a wireless communication system to provide a user of the device with portable communications.

Consider claim 30, Osmani further teaches the mobile station has both Postpaid and Prepaid modes (col. 1 lines 42-49).

### Reasons for Allowance

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10. Claims 20 and 22-27 are allowed over the prior art record.

11. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance:

The applicant's remarks, filed on 11/05/2007, have been carefully reviewed with updated search. Consequently, reasons for allowance of claims 20-25 are set forth in according to the applicant's remarks state on pages 8-18.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for Allowance."

### Conclusion

12. Any response to this action should be mailed to:

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Commissioner for Patents

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Facsimile responses should be faxed to:

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Tuan H. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571)272-8329. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00Am - 5:00Pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Maung Nay A. can be reached on (571)272-7882882. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information Consider the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Tuan Nguyen Examiner Art Unit 2618

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

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